BUILDING LIFECYCLE REPORT

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT: ROSEMOUNT HOUSE SHD, **DUBLIN 17**

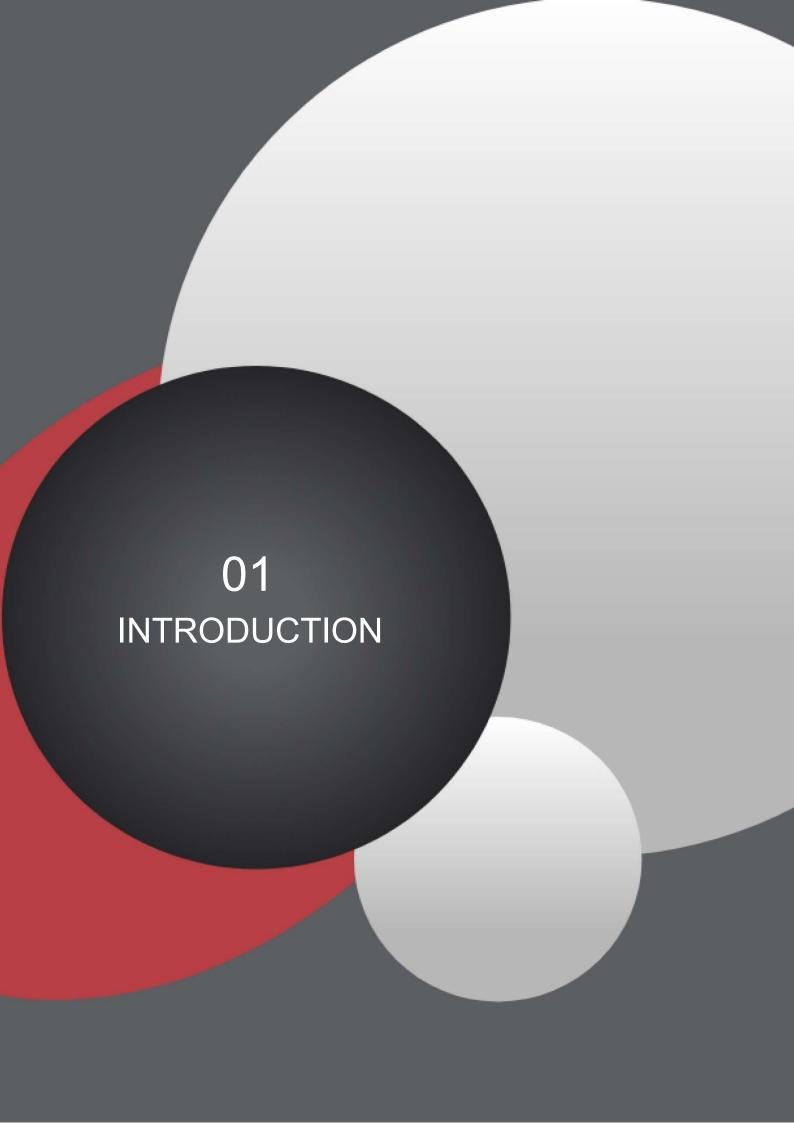


WALLS CONSTRUCTION LIMITED



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Aramark Property were instructed by Walls Construction Limited, to provide a Building Lifecycle Report for their proposed mixed-use block of up to 9 storeys over basement in a 4-sided building around a central courtyard area, consisting of 176 no. apartments with associated residential amenities, office and café use at Rosemount House, Northern Cross, Malahide Road, Dublin 17.

The purpose of this report is to provide an initial assessment of long-term running and maintenance costs as they would apply on a per residential unit basis at the time of application, as well as demonstrating what measures have been specifically considered to effectively manage and reduce costs for the benefit of the residents. This is achieved by producing a Building Lifecycle Report.

This Building Lifecycle Report has been developed on foot of the revised guidelines for Sustainable Urban Housing: Design Standards for New Apartments - Guidelines for Planning Authorities issued under Section 28 of the Planning and Development Act 2000 (as amended) December 2020. Within the new guidelines, new guidance is being provided on residential schemes.

Section 6.13 of the Operation and Management of Apartment Development Guidelines on Sustainable Urban Housing: Design Standards for New Apartments (December 2020) requires that:

"planning applications for apartment development shall include a building lifecycle report which in turn includes an assessment of long-term running and maintenance costs as they would apply on a per residential unit basis at the time of application, as well as demonstrating what measures have been specifically considered by the proposer to effectively manage and reduce costs for the benefit of residents."



2.0 DESCRIPTION OF DEVELOPMENT

Walls Construction Ltd. intend to apply for permission for the demolition of their current offices (3,315 sq. m.) and construction of a mixed-use development of 25,428 sq. m. at Rosemount House, Northern Cross, Malahide Road, Dublin 17, on a site of 0.6462 ha. The subject site is bound by Mayne River Avenue to the west and south, a site to the north in use as a building compound for the construction of the permitted development to the east, under ABP Reg. Ref.: 307887-20.

The proposed development shall consist of:

Demolition of existing office building on site and existing ancillary facilities and the construction of a mixed-use block of up to 9 storeys over basement, with a maximum height of 33.975 metres over basement, based around a central courtyard area. The proposed uses are commercial, office and residential. The mixed-use development shall consist of:

- 1,060 sq.m. of office use with own door access at ground floor level with associated infrastructure including staff kitchen, meeting rooms and designated parking at basement level.
- A cafe unit of 143.7 sq.m fronting Mayne River Avenue
- 176 no. residential units from 1st to 8th floor level with separate access from the proposed office area. The 176 no. apartments comprise of 72 no. 1 bed units, 57 no. 2 bed units and 47 no. 3 bed units.

The proposed development includes private amenity space as balconies / terraces for all apartments on all elevations, in addition to 1,846 sq. m. of communal open space at ground floor, first floor podium, 4th floor and 7th floor level, and public open space of 1577 sq.m. at ground floor level. Communal facilities are proposed at ground floor level to include a cinema room, resident's studio, games room, library, resident's lounge, co-working and concierge services. The proposal includes pedestrian access routes, communal play facilities, substations, foul and surface water drainage, hard and soft landscaping, lighting, plant and all associated and ancillary site works.

The proposal includes 134 no. car parking spaces, located at basement level and accessed by a vehicular ramp via Mayne River Avenue, and two vehicular set down areas fronting Mayne River Avenue, with spaces designated for delivery and car share. Bin stores, tank rooms, comms, plant and generators are all to be located at basement level. 424 no. bicycle parking spaces are provided, located in an enclosed space at ground floor and at surface level, 88 no. of the bicycle spaces are designated for visitors to the apartments.

The application contains a statement setting out how the proposal will be consistent with the objectives of the Dublin City Development Plan 2016-2022 and the Clongriffin-Belmayne Local Area Plan 2012 - 2018 (as further extended until 2022).





3.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY – BUILDING LIFE CYCLE REPORT

Measures to effectively manage and reduce costs for the benefit of residents

The following document reviews the outline specification set out for the proposed single mixed-use block (Block A) comprising apartments including office unit complete with own door access on Ground Level and café unit at Rosemount House, Northern Cross, Malahide Road, Dublin 17 and explores the practical implementation of the design and material principles which has informed design of building roofs, façades, internal layouts and detailing of the proposed development.

Building materials proposed for use on elevations and in the public realm achieve a durable standard of quality that will not need regular fabric replacement or maintenance outside general day to day care. The choice of high quality and long-lasting materials, as well as both soft and hardscape in the public, semi-public and private realm will contribute to lower maintenance costs for future residents and occupiers.

Please note that detailed specifications of building fabric and services have not been provided at this stage. This report reflects the outline material descriptions contained within PLUS Architecture's planning drawings received.

For any elements where information was not available, typical examples have been provided of building materials and services used for schemes of this nature and their associated lifespans and maintenance requirements. All information is therefore indicative subject to further information at detailed design stage.

As the building design develops this document will be updated and a schedule will be generated from the items below detailing maintenance and replacement costs over the lifespan of the materials and development constituent parts in a summary document. This will enable a robust schedule of building component repair and replacement costs which will be available to the property management company so that running, and maintenance costs of the development are kept within the agreed Annual operational budget, this will take the form of a Planned Preventative Maintenance Schedule (PPM)* at operational commencement of the development.

*PPM under separate instruction





4.0 EXTERNAL BUILDING FABRIC SCHEDULE

4.1 Roofing

4.1.1 Green Roofs (Manufacturer / Supplier TBC)

Location	Block A flat roof areas (maintenance access only)
Description	Extensive green roof system to engineer's specification.
Lifecycle	Average lifecycle of 35 years on most green roofs. As used across the industry nationally and in the UK, long lifecycle typically achieved by robust detailing to adjoining roof elements, regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of roofing product / materials.
Required maintenance	Quarterly maintenance visits to include inspection of drainage layer and outlets and removal of any blockages to prevent ponding. Inspection of
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	vegetation layer for fungus and decay. Carry out weeding as necessary. No irrigation necessary with sedum blankets.
Year	Quarterly
Priority	Medium
Selection process	A green roof will add to the character of the overall scheme, as well as providing attenuation to storm water run-off and less burden on rainwater goods, increased thermal and sound insulation to the building and increased biodiversity. Natural soft finishes can provide visual amenity for residents where roof areas are visible or accessible from within areas of the scheme. Sedum roofs are a popular and varied choice for green roofs requiring minimal maintenance.
Reference	PLUS Architecture's Architects' planning drawings & Design Statement.

4.1.2 Roof Terraces (Manufacturer / Supplier TBC)

Location	Block A Communal Open Space
Description	 Light weight precast concrete/stone paving slabs on support system. Resin bound gravel surfacing. Roof build up to architects' and engineers' instructions.
Lifecycle	Average lifecycle of 30 years. As used across the industry nationally and the UK, typically longer lifecycle is achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required maintenance	Regular maintenance visits to include inspection of drainage outlets and removal of any blockages. General repair works, watching out for displacement of slabs, mortar decay and removal of organic matter. Power-washing of hard surfaces.
Year	Quarterly / annual
Priority	Medium
Selection process	Paving slabs provide a robust and long-lasting roof terrace surface, requiring considerably less maintenance.
Reference	PLUS Architecture's planning drawings and design statement.

4.1.3 Fall Arrest System for Roof Maintenance Access (Manufacturer / Supplier TBC)

Location	Block A Flat roof areas (maintenance access only)
Description	 Fall Protection System on approved anchorage device. Installation in accordance with BS 7883 by the system manufacturer or a contractor approved by the system manufacturer.



Lifecycle	25-30 years dependent on quality of materials. Generally, steel finishes to skyward facing elements can be expected to maintain this life expectancy. As used across the industry nationally and the UK, long lifecycle is typically achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required maintenance	Check and reset tension on the line as per manufacturer's specifications. Check all hardware components for wear (shackles, eye bolts, turn buckles). Check elements for signs of wear and/or weathering. Lubricate all moving parts. Check for structural damage or modifications.
Year	Annually
Priority	High
Selection process	Fall protection systems are a standard life safety system, provided for safe maintenance of roofs and balconies where there is not adequate parapet protection. Fall protection systems must comply with relevant quality standards.
Reference	N/A

4.1.4 Roof Cowls (Manufacturer / Supplier TBC)

Location	Selected Flat Roof Areas
Description	Roof Cowl System to be supplied with weather apron for flat roofs.
Lifecycle	25-35 years. As used across the industry nationally and the UK, typically longer lifecycle is achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required maintenance	Check fixings annually, inspect for onset of leading-edge corrosion if epoxy powder coat finish and treat.
Year	Annually
Priority	Low
Selection process	Standard fitting for roof termination of mechanical ventilation system.
Reference	N/A

4.1.5 Flashings (Manufacturer / Supplier TBC)

Location	All flashing locations
Description	Lead to be used for all flashing and counter flashings.
Lifecycle	Typical life expectancy of 70 years recorded for lead flashings. Recessed joint sealing will require regular inspections. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required maintenance	Check joint fixings for lead flashing, ground survey annually and close-up inspection every 5 years. Re-secure as necessary.
Year	Ground level inspection annually and close-up inspection every 5 years
Priority	Medium
Selection process	Lead has longest life expectancy of comparable materials such as copper (60 years) and zinc (50 years). Lead is easily formed into the required shapes for effective weathering of building junctions according to standard Lead Sheet Association details.
Reference	N/A



4.2 Rainwater Drainage (Manufacturer / Supplier TBC)

Location Block A	
Description	 Rainwater outlets: Suitable for specified roof membranes Pipework: Cast aluminium downpipes/uPVC downpipes Below ground drainage: To Engineers' design and specification Disposal: To surface water drainage to Engineers' design Controls: To Engineers' design and specification Accessories: allow for outlet gradings, spigots, downspout nozzle, hopper heads, balcony and main roof outlets
Lifecycle	Metal gutters and downpipes have an expected life expectancy of 40 years in rural and suburban conditions (25 years in industrial and marine conditions), this is comparable to cast iron of 50 years and plastic, less so at 30 years. As used across the industry nationally and the UK, typically longer lifecycle is achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required maintenance	As with roofing systems routine inspection is key to preserving the lifecycle of rainwater systems. Regular cleaning and rainwater heads and gutters, checking joints and fixings and regularly cleaning polyester coated surfaces (no caustic or abrasive materials).
Year	Annually, cleaning bi-annually
Priority	High
Selection process	As above, metal fittings compare well against cast iron (in terms of cost) and plastic (in terms of lifespan and aesthetic).
Reference	N/A

4.3 External Walls

4.3.1 Brick

Location	Block A Façades
Description	Contrasting light and dark tone brickwork.
Lifecycle	Selected colour bricks have a high embodied energy, they are an extremely durable material. Brickwork in this application is expected to have a lifespan of 50-80 years. The mortar pointing however has a shorter lifespan of 25-50 years. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime.
Required maintenance	In general, given their durability, brickwork finishes require little maintenance. Most maintenance is preventative: checking for hairline cracks, deterioration of mortar, plant growth on walls, or other factors that could signal problems or lead to eventual damage.
Year	Annual
Priority	Low
Selection process	Aesthetic, lightweight, cost-efficient and low maintenance cladding option, indistinguishable from traditional brick construction.
Reference	PLUS Architecture's drawings & design statement.

4.3.2 Metal Cladding

Location	Block A Façades
Description	 PPC aluminium framed curtain walling system at Ground Level. PPC aluminium parapet capping. Metal cladding at penthouse level to select finish. Metal surround to balconies to select finish.
Lifecycle	Lifespan expectancy generally in excess of 40 years. As used across the industry nationally and the UK, typically longer lifecycle is achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required maintenance	Selected cladding requires little maintenance and is resistant to corrosion. It can contribute to lower ongoing maintenance costs in comparison to exposed porous materials which may be liable to faster deterioration. Long term cleaning requirements should be taken into consideration.
Year	Inspection annually; cleaning 5 yearly
Priority	Low
Selection process	Selected cladding protects the building's structure from rainwater and weathering. Metal cladding systems are also chosen for their aesthetic impact, durability and weathering properties.
Reference	PLUS Architecture's drawings & design statement.

4.3.3 Render

Location	Block A Façades
Description	Low maintenance selected colour render.
Lifecycle	Renders in general are expected to have a lifecycle of circa 25 years. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime.
Required maintenance	Regular inspections to check for cracking and de-bonding. Most maintenance is preventative. Coloured render requires less maintenance than traditional renders.
Year	Annually
Priority	Medium
Selection process	Appropriate detailing will contribute to a long lifespan for this installation. Insulated render is a durable and low-maintenance finish with the added benefit of this product being BBA certified against other render systems.
Reference	PLUS Architecture's drawings & design statement.

4.4 External Windows & Doors

Location	Block A Façades
Description	 Aluminum powder-coated window and door frames to approved colour or uPVC to approved colour.
	 Glazed curtain walling along retail unit shopfront to be aluminum powder coated to selected colour with flush detailing.
	All units to be double/triple-glazed with thermally broken frames.
	All opening sections in windows to be fitted with suitable restrictors.
	Include for all necessary ironmongery; include for all pointing and
	mastic sealant as necessary; fixed using stainless steel metal straps



	screwed to masonry reveals; include for all bends, drips, flashings, thermal breaks etc.
Lifecycle	Aluminum has a typical lifespan of 45-60 years in comparison to uPVC which has a typical lifespan of 30-40 years. Timber windows have a typical lifespan of 35-50 years, aluminum cladding can extend this lifespan by 10-15 years. As used nationwide and in the UK, typically longer lifecycle is achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required	Check surface of windows and doors regularly so that damage can be
maintenance	detected. Vertical mouldings can become worn and require more maintenance than other surface areas. Lubricate at least once a year. Ensure regular cleaning regime. Check for condensation on frame from window and ensure ventilation.
Year	Annual
Priority	Medium
Selection	Aluminum is durable and low maintenance with an average lifespan of
process	45-60 years, exceeding uPVC (30-40 years). Alu-clad timber windows compare favorably when compared to the above, extending timber windows typical lifespan of 35-50 years by 10-15 years.
Reference	PLUS Architecture's drawings & design statement.

4.5 Balconies

4.5.1 Structure

Location	Apartment Block Façades
Description	 Concrete balcony system to engineer's detail, or Powder-coated steel frame balcony system to engineer's detail Thermally broken farrat plate connections to main structure of building.
Lifecycle	 Metal structure has a typical life expectancy of 70 years dependent on maintenance of components. Precast concrete structures have a high embodied energy; however, it is an extremely durable material. Concrete frame has a typical life expectancy of 80 years. As used across the industry nationally and the UK, longer lifecycle is achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required maintenance	Relatively low maintenance required. Check balcony system as per manufacturer's specifications. Check all hardware components for wear. Check elements for signs of wear and/or weathering. Check for structural damage or modifications.
Year	Annual
Priority	High
Selection process	Engineered detail; designed for strength and safety.
Reference	N/A



4.5.2 Balustrades and Handrails

Location	All Balconies
Description	 Approved toughened safety glass and steel including fixings in accordance with manufacturer's details. Anthracite-Grey vertical balustrades and railings. Fixing in accordance with manufacturer's details.
Lifecycle	General glass and metal items have a lifespan of 25-45 years. Longer lifecycle is achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required maintenance	Annual visual inspection of connection pieces for impact damage or alterations.
Year	Annual
Priority	High
Selection process	Metal and glass option will have a longer lifespan and require less maintenance than timber options (10-20 years).
Reference	N/A





5.0 INTERNAL BUILDING FABRIC SCHEDULE

5.1 Floors

5.1.1 Common Areas

Location	Block A Entrance lobbies / Concierge / Common corridors
Description	 Selected anti-slip porcelain or ceramic floor tile complete with inset matwell.
	Selected loop pile carpet tiles.
Lifecycle	 Lifespan expectation of 20-25 years in heavy wear areas, likely requirement to replace for modernisation within this period also. 10-15 year lifespan for carpet. Likely requirement to replace for
	modernisation within this period also.
Required	Visual inspection with regular cleaning, intermittent replacement of
maintenance	chipped / loose tiles
Year	Annual for floor tiles.
	Quarterly inspection and cleaning of carpets as necessary
Priority	Low
Selection	Durable, low maintenance floor finish. Slip rating required at entrance
process	lobby, few materials provide this and are as hard wearing. Using carpet allows flexibility to alter and change as fashions alter and change providing enhanced flexibility.
Reference	N/A

Location	Block A Stairwells, landings / half landings
Description	Selected carpet covering. Approved anodised aluminium nosings to
	stairs.
Lifecycle	• 10-15 year lifespan for carpet. Likely requirement to replace for
	modernisation within this period also.
	20-year lifespan for aluminium nosings.
Required	Visual inspection with regular cleaning.
maintenance	
Year	Quarterly inspection and cleaning as necessary.
Priority	Low
Selection	Using carpet allows flexibility to alter and change as fashions alter and
process	change providing enhanced flexibility.
Reference	N/A

Location	Block A Lift Lobbies
Description	Carpet/vinyl and porcelain tiles to match adjacent apartment common
	lobbies.
Lifecycle	Lifespan expectation of 20-30 years in heavy wear areas, likely requirement to replace for modernisation within this period also.
	10-15 year lifespan for carpet. Likely requirement to replace for
	modernisation within this period also.
Required	Visual inspection with regular cleaning, intermittent replacement of
maintenance	chipped / loose tiles.
Year	Annual
Priority	Low
Selection	Slip rating required for lifts, few materials provide this and are as hard
process	wearing. Using carpet allows flexibility to alter and change as fashions
	alter and change providing enhanced flexibility.
Reference	N/A

5.1.2 Tenant Amenity Areas

Location	Residential amenity
Description	Timber laminate / parquet flooring, or
	Carpet covering
	Provide for inset matwell
Lifecycle	Laminated / parquet timber flooring has an expected life expectancy
	of 25-35 years dependent on use
	10-15 year lifespan for carpet. Likely requirement to replace for
	modernisation within this period also
Required	Visual inspection. Sweep clean regularly ensuring to remove any dirt.
maintenance	Clean up spills immediately and use only recommended floor cleaners.
Year	Annual
Priority	Low
Selection	Materials chosen for aesthetics, durability and low maintenance.
process	
Reference	N/A

Location	All wet areas (e.g. Resident facility WC's)
Description	Selected anti-slip ceramic floor tile.
Lifecycle	Lifespan expectation of 20-25 years in heavy wear areas, likely requirement to replace for modernisation within this period also.
Required	Visual inspection, intermittent replacement of chipped / loose tiles.
maintenance	
Year	Annual
Priority	Low
Selection	Slip rating required at entrance lobby, few materials provide this and
process	are as hard wearing.
Reference	N/A



5.2 Walls

5.2.1 Common Areas

Location	Block A Entrance lobbies / Concierge / Corridors
Description	Selected paint finish with primer to skimmed plasterboard.
Lifecycle	2-10 years for finishes; 40 years for plasterboard. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required maintenance	Regular maintenance required and replacement when damaged.
Year	Bi-annually
Priority	Low
Selection	Decorative and durable finish.
process	
Reference	N/A

Location	Blocks A – D Lift cores / lobbies / corridors / stairs
Description	Selected paint finish with primer to skimmed plasterboard.
Lifecycle	2-10 years for finishes; 40 years for plasterboard. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required maintenance	Regular maintenance required and replacement when damaged.
Year	Bi-annually
Priority	Low
Selection	Decorative and durable finish.
process	
Reference	N/A

5.2.2 Tenant Amenity Areas

Location	Residential Amenity
Description	Selected paint finish with primer to skimmed plasterboard
Lifecycle	2-10 years for finishes; 40 years for plasterboard. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required	Regular maintenance required and replacement when damaged.
maintenance	
Year	Bi-annually
Priority	Low
Selection	Decorative and durable finish.
process	
Reference	N/A



Location	Wet areas (e.g. resident facility WC's)
Description	Selected ceramic wall tile to plasterboard (moisture board to wet areas).
Lifecycle	Typical life expectancy of 35-40 years, less in wet room areas to 20-25 years.
Required maintenance	Bi-annual inspection to review damage, local repairs as necessary, particular detailed inspection in wet room areas.
Year	Annually
Priority	Medium
Selection process	Wet room application requires moisture board and tiling.
Reference	N/A

5.3 Ceilings

Location	Common areas & tenant amenity areas
Description	Selected paint finish with primer to skimmed plasterboard ceiling on metal frame ceiling system. Acoustic ceiling to lift core and apartment lobbies. Moisture board to wet areas.
Lifecycle	2-10 years for finishes; 40 years for plasterboard. Longer lifecycle
	achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the
	upkeep of materials.
Required	Regular maintenance required and replacement when damaged.
maintenance	
Year	Bi-annually
Priority	Low
Selection	Decorative and durable finish
process	
Reference	N/A

Location	Tenant amenity wet areas
Description	Selected paint finish with primer to skimmed moisture board ceiling.
Lifecycle	2-10 years for finishes; 40 years for plasterboard. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required	Regular maintenance required and replacement when damaged.
maintenance	
Year	Bi-annually
Priority	Low
Selection	Decorative and durable finish.
process	
Reference	N/A



5.4 Internal Handrails & Balustrades

Location	Stairs & landings
Description	Mild steel painted balustrade and handrail.
Lifecycle	Over 40 years typical lifecycle. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required	Regular inspections of holding down bolts and joints
maintenance	
Year	Annually
Priority	High
Selection	Hard-wearing long-life materials against timber options
process	
Reference	N/A

5.5 Carpentry & Joinery

5.5.1 Internal Doors and Frames

Location	All buildings
Description	 Selected white primed and painted/varnished solid internal doors, or hardwood veneered internal doors All fire rated doors and joinery items to be manufactured in
	accordance with B.S. 476. Timber saddle boards.
	Brushed aluminium door ironmongery or similar
Lifecycle	30 years average expected lifespan. Longer lifecycle achieved by
	regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of
	materials.
Required	General maintenance in relation to impact damage and general wear
maintenance	and tear
Year	Annual
Priority	Low, unless fire door High
Selection	Industry standard
process	
Reference	N/A

5.5.2 Skirtings & Architraves

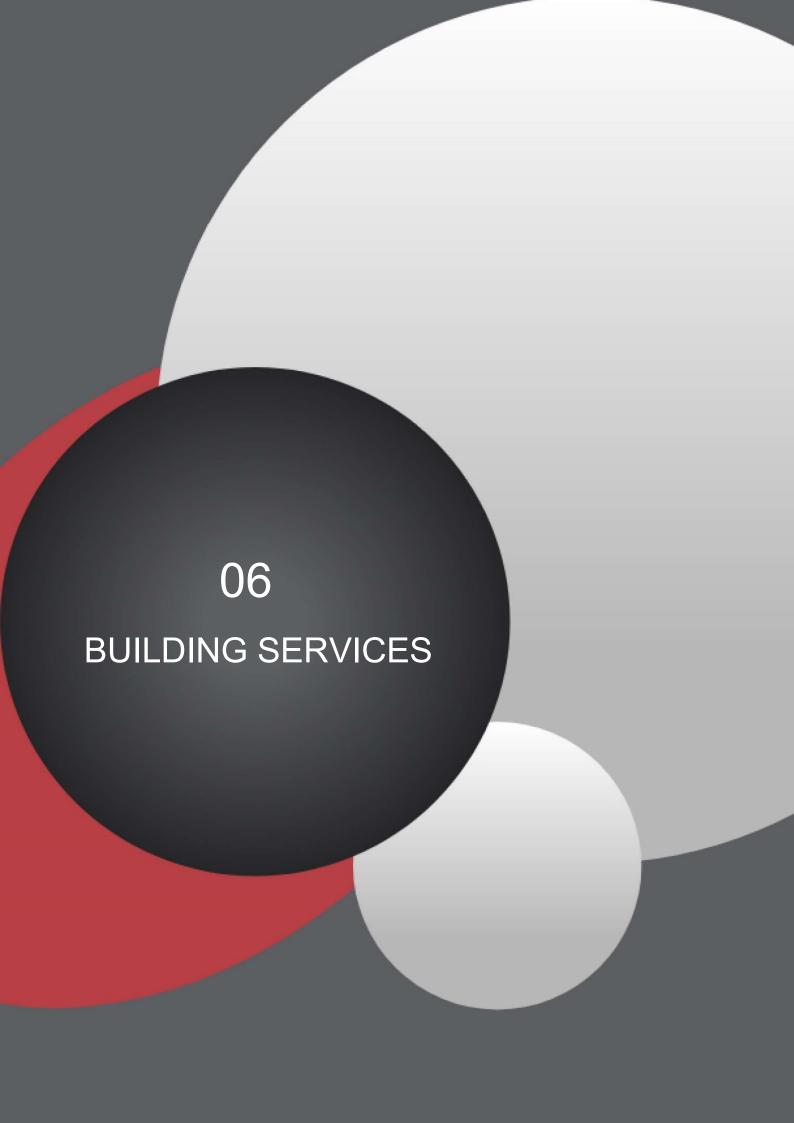
Location	All buildings
Description	Painted timber/MDF skirtings and architraves
Lifecycle	30 years average expected lifespan. Longer lifecycle achieved by regular inspection and maintenance regime to ensure the upkeep of materials.
Required	General maintenance in relation to impact damage and general wear
maintenance	and tear
Year	Annual
Priority	Low
Selection	Industry standard
process	
Reference	N/A



5.5.3 Window Boards

Location	All Buildings
Description	Painted timber/MDF window boards
Lifecycle	30 years average expected lifespan
Required	General maintenance in relation to impact damage and general wear
maintenance	and tear
Year	Annual
Priority	Low
Selection	Industry standard
process	
Reference	N/A





6.0 BUILDING SERVICES

6.1 Mechanical Systems

6.1.1 Mechanical Plant

Location	Plant Rooms
Description	Heating Services proposed are Air Source Heat Pumps. Full specification to be further details to be provided by the M&E Consultant at detailed design stage.
Lifecycle	 Annual Maintenance of Air Source Heat Pumps. Annual Maintenance / Inspection to Water Tanks. Annual Maintenance / Inspection to Water Booster - sets. Annual Maintenance / Inspection to DHS Tanks. Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage. Replacement of equipment at EOL (End of Life) to be determined at detailed design stage.
Required maintenance	Annual Service Inspections to be included as part of Development Planned Preventative Maintenance Programme
Year	Annually
Priority	Medium
Selection process	All equipment to be detailed as part of the detailed design section of the development. This equipment will be selected in conjunction with the design and management team to meet and exceed the CIBSE recommended lifecycles.
Reference	N/A

6.1.2 Soils and Wastes

Location	All Areas / Kitchens / Bathrooms etc
Description	PVC Soils and Wastes Pipework.
Lifecycle	 Annual inspections required for all pipework within landlord areas. Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.
Required	Annual Service Inspections to be included as part of Development
maintenance	Planned Preventative Maintenance Programme
Year	Annually
Priority	Medium
Selection process	All equipment to be detailed as part of the detailed design section of the development. This equipment will be selected in conjunction with the design and management team to meet and exceed the CIBSE recommended lifecycles.
Reference	N/A



6.1.3 Water Services

Location	Apartments
Description	EAHP for Domestic Hot Water Copper Water Services Pipework and associated fittings and accessories.
Lifecycle	 Annual Inspection of EAHP and Copper Cylinder. Annual inspections required for all pipework within landlord areas.
	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.
Required	Annual Inspections, including legionella testing to be included as part
maintenance	of Development Planned Preventative Maintenance Programme
Year	Annually
Priority	High
Selection	All equipment to be detailed as part of the detailed design section of the
process	development. This equipment will be selected in conjunction with the
	design and management team to meet and exceed the CIBSE
	recommended lifecycles.
Reference	N/A

6.1.4 Ventilation Services

Location	Apartment
Description	Centralised Mechanical Heat Recovery Ventilation System (MEV) Ducting & Grilles
	, and the second
Lifecycle	Annual inspection of MEV and grilles.
	Annual Inspection of operation of fan and boost / setback facility.
	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of
	design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.
Required	Annual Service Inspections to be included as part of Development
maintenance	Planned Preventative Maintenance Programme
Year	Annually
Priority	Medium
Selection	All equipment to be detailed as part of the detailed design section of the
process	development. This equipment will be selected in conjunction with the
	design and management team to meet and exceed the CIBSE
	recommended lifecycles.
Reference	N/A



6.2 Electrical / Protective Services

6.2.1 Electrical Infrastructure

Location	Switch rooms / Risers
Description	Maintenance of Electrical Switchgear
Lifecycle	 Annual Inspection of Electrical Switchgear and switchboards. Thermographic imagining of switchgear 50% of Medium Voltage Switchgear Annually and Low Voltage switchgear every 3 years. Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.
Required maintenance	Annual / Every three years to be included as part of Development
+	Planned Preventative Maintenance Programme
Year	Annually
Priority	High
Selection	All equipment to meet and exceed ESB, IS10101:2020, CIBSE
process	recommendations and be code compliant in all cases.
Reference	N/A

6.2.2 Lighting Services Internal

Location	All Areas – Internal
Description	Lighting – LED throughout with Presence detection in circulation areas
	and locally controlled in apartments.
Lifecycle	Annual Inspection of All Luminaires
	Quarterly Inspection of Emergency Lighting.
	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of
	design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.
Required	Annual / Quarterly Inspections certification as required per above
maintenance	remedial works.
Year	Annually / Quarterly
Priority	High
Selection	All equipment to meet requirements and be in accordance with the
process	current IS3217:2013 + A1 2017, Part M and DAC Requirements.
Reference	N/A

6.2.3 Lighting Services External

Location	All Areas – External				
Description	Lighting – All LED with Vandal Resistant Diffusers where exposed.				
Lifecycle	Annual Inspection of All Luminaires				
	Quarterly Inspection of Emergency Lighting				
	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of				
	design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.				
Required	Annual / Quarterly Inspections certification as required as per the PPM				
maintenance	schedule.				
Year	Annually / Quarterly				
Priority	High				
Selection	All equipment to meet requirements and be in accordance with the				
process	current IS3217:2013 + A1 2017, Part M and DAC Requirements.				
Reference	N/A				



6.2.4 Protective Services – Fire Alarm

Location	All areas – Internal				
Description	Fire alarm				
Lifecycle	 Quarterly Inspection of panels and 25% testing of devices as per IS3218:2013 + A1 2019 requirements. 				
	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of				
	design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.				
Required	Annual / Quarterly Inspections certification as required as per the PPM				
maintenance	schedule.				
Year	Annually / Quarterly				
Priority	High				
Selection	All equipment to meet requirements and be in accordance with the				
process	current IS3218:2013 + A1 2019 and the Fire Cert				
Reference	N/A				

6.2.5 Protective Services – Fire Extinguishers

Location	All Areas – Internal		
Description	Fire Extinguishers and Fire Blankets		
Lifecycle	Annual Inspection		
Required maintenance	Annual with Replacement of all extinguishers at year 10		
Year	Annually		
Priority	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.		
Selection	All fire extinguishers must meet the requirements of I.S 291:2015		
process	Selection, commissioning, installation, inspection and maintenance of		
	portable fire extinguishers.		
Reference	N/A		

6.2.6 Protective Services – Apartment Sprinkler System (Where Applicable by Fire Cert)

Location	Apartments only.		
Description	Apartment Sprinkler System		
Lifecycle	Weekly / Annual Inspection		
Required	Weekly Check of Sprinkler Pumps and plant and annual testing and		
maintenance	certification of plant by specialist.		
Year	All		
Priority	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of design		
	matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.		
Selection	The Apartment sprinkler system shall be installed in accordance with		
process	BS 9251:2005 – Sprinkler Systems for Residential and Domestic		
	Occupancies – Code of Practice		
Reference	N/A		



6.2.7 Protective Services - Dry Risers

Location	Common Area Cores of apartments			
Description	Dry Risers			
Lifecycle	Weekly / Annual Inspection			
Required	Visual Weekly Checks of Pipework and Landing Valves with Annual			
maintenance	testing and certification by specialist.			
Year	Annually			
Priority	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of design			
	matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.			
Selection	The system shall be installed in accordance with BS 5041 & BS 9999			
process				
Reference	N/A			

6.2.8 Fire Fighting Lobby Ventilation (To Fire Consultants Design and Specification)

Location	Common Area Lobbies				
Description	Smoke Extract / Exhaust Systems				
Lifecycle	Regular Tests of the system				
	Annual inspection of Fans				
	Annual inspection of automatic doors and AVOs				
	All systems to be backed up by life safety systems.				
Required	Annual Service Inspections to be included as part of Development				
maintenance	Planned Preventative Maintenance Programme				
Year	Weekly / Annually				
Priority	Medium				
Selection	All equipment to be detailed as part of the detailed design section of the				
process	development. This equipment will be selected in conjunction with the				
	design and management team to meet and exceed the CIBSE				
	recommended lifecycles.				
Reference	N/A				

6.2.9 Sustainable Services

Location	Apartment				
Description	Heat Pump				
Lifecycle	Annual Maintenance of Exhaust Air Source Heat Pumps				
	Cost for replacement equipment to be updated on completion of				
	design matrix of equipment at detailed design stage.				
Required	Annual Service Inspections to be included as part of Development				
maintenance	Planned Preventative Maintenance Programme				
Year	Annually				
Priority	Medium				
Selection	All equipment to be detailed as part of the detailed design section of the				
process	development. This equipment will be selected in conjunction with the				
	design and management team to meet and exceed the CIBSE				
	recommended lifecycles.				
Reference	N/A				





7.0 CONCLUSION & CONTACT DETAILS

Based on the information provided, Aramark Property have considered the schemes proposals. From our experience to date of similar schemes we manage, we have set out an overview of how we believe the overarching management of the scheme can be successfully managed in best practice for the benefit of the owners of this scheme and the future occupiers.

Contact Details

Darren Davidson

Director

E: Davidson-darren@aramark.ie

M: +353 83 450 8794 D: +353 1 871 5494

W: www.aramarkproperty.ie

Aramark Key Service Lines



DOCUMENT CONTROL SHEET

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